SPD Selection Guide

Type 1, Type 2, Type 3



Follow the right direction ...

... step by step ...



LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL III and IV



Type 2 - at boundaries of LPZ 1-2 (surge arrester)

Installation

Coordination T2 and T3

Type 3 - at boundaries of LPZ 2-3 (surge arrester) SPD + FMI filter **Additional SPD**

SPD type PIIIM-275/1+0

PIII-275/3+0

PIII-275/3+0

Subsidiary switchboard,

Switchboards on every

floor of the object or

in every control panel

If the distance from T1 is

If the distance from T1 is > 30 m, then it is again necessary to install

> 30 m, then it is again

necessary to install

SPD T2

SPD T2

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 μH)

< 5 m

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m, it is necessary to use decoupling elements. The recommended connection is in series, hence is required to know the nominal voltage of existing conductor.

SPD type

System

To the switchboard, which is PI-k(8-150A) closest to the protected



PI-3k(16-120A)

(In case of electronic control protection, the installation is directly to the appliance)

equipment

Installation

300 ZS-1.2T

SPD type

PI-p16

ZS-1I

Outlet circuits which are longer than 20 m. Flushmounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables.

Installation

SPU1-275



PIIIM-275/1+1



SPU3-275

If the distance from T1 is > 30 m, then it is again necessary to install SPD T2

Subsidiary switchboard. Switchboards on every floor of the object or in every control panel

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 µH)

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m, it is necessary to use decoupling elements. The recommended connection is in series. connection is in series hence is required to know the nominal voltage of existing conductor.



který je co nejblíže chráněného PI-k(8-150A) zařízení.



PI-3k(16-120A)

TN-S, TT

(Pokud se chrání řídící elektronika, provádí se instalace přímo v daném zařízení)

Instalace do

rozvaděče,



7S-1P



PDII



ZS-1.1T

Outlet circuits which are longer than 20 m. Flushmounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables.

Step 3

(selection of SPD T2)

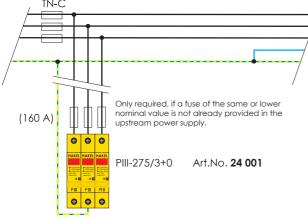
Step 4

(selection of SPD T3)

100 %

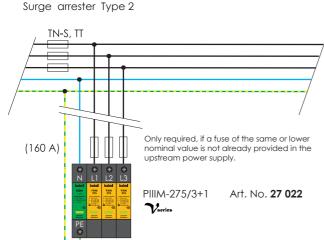
(property protection)

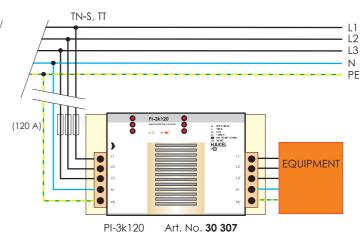
L2 L3 Ν PΕ



(8 A) (16 A) PI-k8 Art. No. 30 080 **EQUIPMENT** ZS-1P Art. No. 32 006

Surge arrester Type 3





LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL III and IV



Classification of typical objects

Buildings with considerable level of protection LPL III and IV (I_{Imp} = 50 kA)

LPL III

Apartment houses

Small administrative buildings

Family houses

Agricultural structures

LPL IV

Buildings and halls without occurrence of persons and internal equipment

Objects with the main back-up fuse up to 63A connected by buried cable.

System	No. of phases	Circuit	Type 1-at boundaries of LPZ 0-1 (lightning arrester)		Coordination T1 and T2
S	phases		SPD type	Installation	< 5 m
TN-C	1	1+0	SPC25	Main switchboard Surge arrester SPC contains two sections of varistors T1+T2. Coordination between T1 and T2 is secured by production.	
	3	3+0	PIV12,5/3+0	Main switchboard	5 metres cable or decoupling element PI-L (16-120 A/6 µH)
			SPC12,5/3+0	Main switchboard Surge arrester SPC contains two sections of varistors T1+T2. Coordination between T1 and T2 is secured by production.	
TN-S	1	1+1	SPC25/1+1	Main switchboard Surge arrester SPC contains two sections of varistors T1+T2. Coordination between T1 and T2 is secured by production.	
		2+0	SPC25/2+0		
	3	3+1	SPC12,5/3+1	Main switchboard Surge arrester SPC contains two sections of varistors T1+T2. Coordination between T1 and T2 is secured by production.	
		4+0	PIV12,5/4+0	Main switchboard	5 metres cable or decoupling element PI-L (16-120 A/6 µH)

Step 1 (object selection)

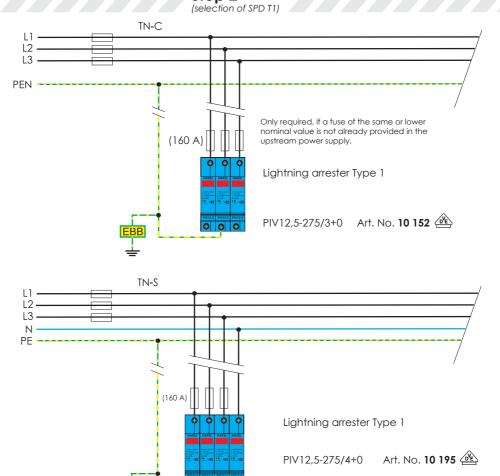








Step 2



LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL II



Type 2 - at boundaries of LPZ 1-2 (surge arrester)

SPD type Installation

T2 and T3

System

Type 3 - at boundaries of LPZ 2-3 (surge arrester) **Additional SPD**

SPD + EMI filter

SPD type Installation



Subsidiary switchboard, Switchboards on every floor of the object or in every control panel

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 μH))

Coordination

 $< 5 \, \mathrm{m}$

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m, it is necessary to use decoupling elements. The recommended connection is in series hence is required to know the nominal voltage of

existing conductor.



PI-3k(16-120A)

SPD type

closest to the protected eauipment (In case of

Installation

switchboard,

To the

which is

electronic control protection, the installation is directly to the appliance)







Outlet circuits which are lonaer than 20 m. Flush-mounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables.



PIII-275/3+0

If the distance from T1 is > 30 m, then it is again necessary to install SPD T2

SPU1-275



Subsidiary switchboard, Switchboards on every floor of the object or in every control panel

PIIIM-275/1+1 **V**series



SPU3-275



If the distance from T1 is > 30 m, then it is again necessary to install SPD T2

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 μH))

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m, it is necessary to use decoupling elements.
The recommended
connection is in series, hence is required to know the nominal voltage of existing conductor.





PI-k(8-150A)



PI-3k(16-120A)

(In case of electronic control protection, the installation is directly to the appliance)

To the

which is

switchboard,

closest to the

protected

equipment



7S-1P

ZS-1I



PDU



Munos



Outlet circuits which are longer than 20 m. Flush-mounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables

Step 3



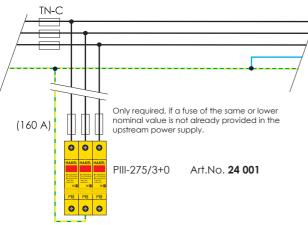
(selection of SPD T3)

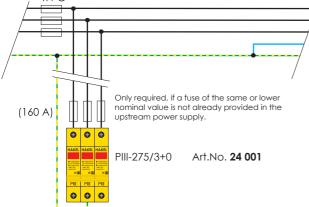
TN-S, TT

100 %

(property protection)

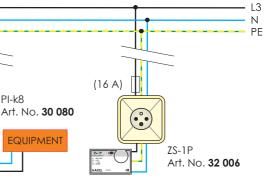
L2



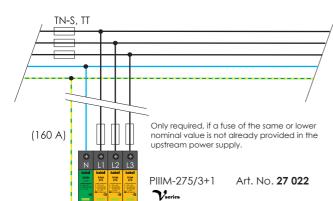




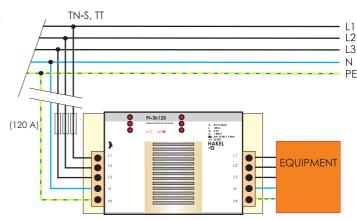
(8 A)



Surge arrester Type 2



Surge arrester Type 3



PI-3k120 Art. No. 30 307

LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL II



Classification of typical objects

Buildings with considerable level of protection LPL II ($I_{\rm imp}$ = 75 kA)

Industrial buildings

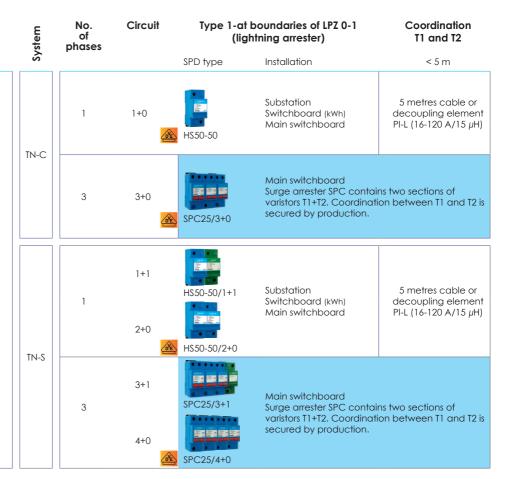
Administrative buildings

Schools

Supermarkets

Cathedrals

Objects connected by buried cable.



Step 1
(object selection)

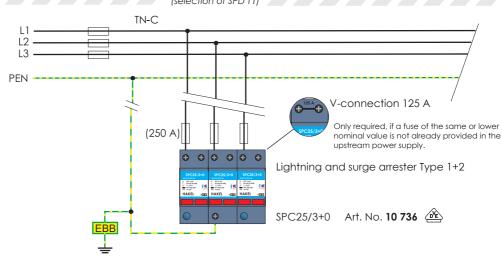


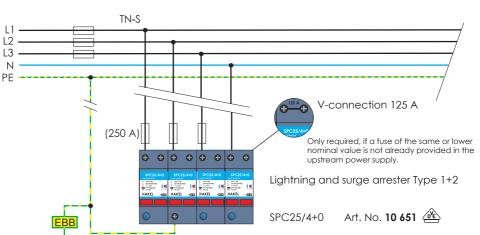






Step 2





LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL I



Type 1-at boundaries of LPZ 0-1 Coordination Classification of typical objects No. Circuit System T1 and T2 of (lightning arrester) phases SPD type Installation < 5 m Buildings with considerable level of protection LPL I ($I_{imp} = 100 \text{ kA}$) Substation 1+0 Hospitals Switchboard (kWh) Main switchboard Banks 5 metres cable or Transmission point for GSM,BTS TN-C decoupling element PI-L (16-120 A/15µH) Water stations Substation 3 3+0 Switchboard (kWh) Power plants Main switchboard HS50-50/3+0 Aerodrome control tower Buildings with danger of explosion 1+1 Bigger industrial buildings Substation 5 metres cable or HS50-50/1+1 Switchboard (kWh) decoupling element Buildings with particular importance Main switchboard PI-L (16-120 A/15μH) 2+0 HS50-50/2+0 TN-S 李, 李, 年, 子 3+1 Main switchboard SPC25/3+1 3 Surge arrester SPC contains two sections of varistors T1+T2. Coordination between T1 and T2 is secured by production. 4+0 SPC25/4+0

Step 1 (object selection)

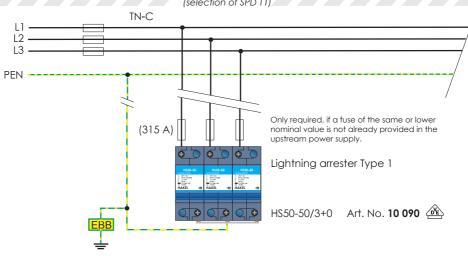


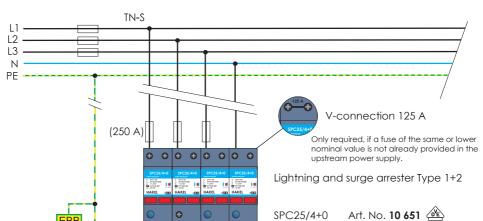












LIGHTNING PROTECTION LEVEL I



Type 2 - at boundaries of LPZ 1-2 (surge arrester)

Installation

Subsidiary switchboard. Switchboards on every

floor of the object or

in every control panel

Subsidiary switchboard,

Switchboards on every

floor of the object or

in every control panel

If the distance from T1 is

Coordination T2 and T3

SPD + EMI filter

Type 3 - at boundaries of LPZ 2-3 (surge arrester) Additional SPD

SPD type

SPD type

PIIIM-275/1+0



PIII-275/3+0

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 μH)

 $< 5 \, \mathrm{m}$

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m. it is necessary

to use decoupling elements.
The recommended
connection is in series, hence is required to know the nominal voltage of existing conductor.

PI-k(8-150A)

SPD type

System



PI-3k(16-120A)

To the switchboard, which is closest to the protected

equipment

Installation



3

ZS-1.2T



PI-p16



ZS-11

Outlet circuits which are longer than 20 m. Flush-mounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables.

Installation



SPU1-275

PIIIM-275/1+1 **V**series



SPU3-275



> 30 m, then it is again necessary to install SPD T2

5 meters of cable or decoupling element PI-L(16-120 A/6 μH)

(Decoupling elements(PI-L) are installed for coordination of T2 and T3. These protect SPD T3 against destruction. If there is a distance between T2 and T3 < 5 m, it is necessary to use decoupling elements to use decoupling elements.
The recommended
connection is in series,
hence is required to know the nominal voltage of existing conductor.





PI-k(8-150A)





PI-3k(16-120A)

switchboard, which is closest to the protected equipment

To the

(In case of electronic control protection, the installation is directly to the appliance)



PDU

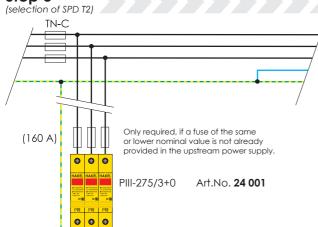






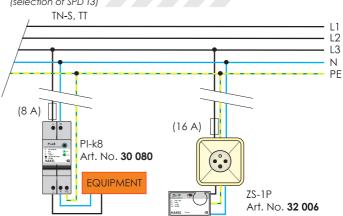
ZS-1.1 T

Outlet circuits which are longer than 20 m. Flush-mounted sockets and cable ducts. It is recommended to install SPD into the outlet circuit to every fourth socket or to the point of supply. The installation eliminates induced overvoltage which is enducing into the object's service cables.

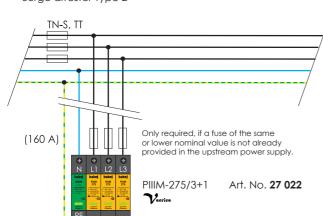


Step 4

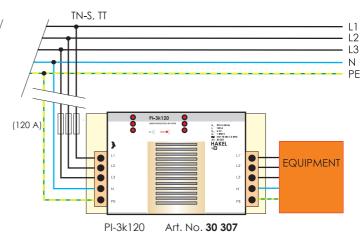
(selection of SPD T3)



Surge arrester Type 2



Surge arrester Type 3













PIVM12,5 - 275/3+1 DS Lightning arrester type 1. I_{imp} = 12,5 kA, I_{max} = 100 kA. Easy installation of phase and neutral



PIVM7 - 275/3+1 DS Lightning arrester type 1. I_{imp} = 7 kA, I_{max} = 50 kA. Easy installation of phase and neutral conductors.



PIIIM - 275/3+1 DS Surge arrester type 2. $I_n = 20 \text{ kA}$, $I_{max} = 50 \text{ kA}$. Easy installation of phase and neutral conductors.



HUF is designed for using in AC parts of photovoltaic systems or other types of AC electrical installations. Supplied software application HUF MONITOR (works under Windows operational system) finds regular series port after SW loading and gives the user these options:

- 1) to continuously monitor the current voltage values of all connected phases
- 2) to continuously monitor the current frequency of connected AC networks
- 3) to reset the hold time within the range of 60 300s



HVG is a Voltage Guard designed for AC network systems. Its biggest advantage is fixed setting of hold time, which ensures disconnection of protected appliances after every deviation of the mains voltage from the restricted voltage limits. The basic setting is 300 seconds.



HT-ISDN Hakel Transmition-ISDN is designed to protect telecommunication lines which transfer ISDN technology. Casing of this protector is made out of light alloy, which ensures high mechanical and thermal resistance. $I_n = 1 \text{ kA}$.



HT-CCTV Hakel Transmition-CCTV is designed to protect video transmission equipment, which process the transferred video signal. Casing of this protector is made out of light alloy, which ensures high mechanical and thermal resistance. $I_{max} = 5kA$.



HT-DATA Hakel Transmition-DATA is designed to protect transmission of data and information signals. Casing of this protector is made out of light alloy, which ensures high mechanical and thermal resistance $I_{\text{max}} = 10 \text{ kA}.$



HT-TEL Hakel Transmition-TEL is designed to protect telecommunications equipment. Casing of this protector is made out of light alloy, which ensures high mechanical and thermal resistance. $I_{max} = 2 \text{ kA}$.

AKE 🛢 TRAD

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